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Quick reference Reference library Submit

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Results with images only (3)

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OXFORD DICTIONARIES World Bank, Noun an international banking organization established to control the distribution of...

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poverty A Dictionary of Public Health

Reference type: Subject Reference Current Version: 2007

They aren't real dollars and most of the statistics are on spending and the imputed value of own produce, not income.

It is not clear why the author is juxtaposing the fixed World Bank amount with the 'arbitrarily defined' income level in richer countries. It may give the impression that the World Bank method is not arbitrary. In fact it is clearly subjective to decide what different kinds of accommodation are worth in different countries or even between village and slum.

...resources to obtain or provide the necessities of life. People afflicted with poverty are especially vulnerable to adverse events they cannot control and often lack political influence and access to needed health and social services. The World Bank defines poverty in low-income nations as an income of US \$1 per day or less. In the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) nations, poverty is arbitrarily defined as financial income below a specific level, which varies from one nation to another and from year to year, depending on...



poverty William Brown

The Concise Oxford Dictionary of Politics and International Relations (4 ed.)

Reference type: Subject Reference Subject: Social sciences, Politics Current Version: 2018 Length: 674 words

Quick reference

Unless the author can provide some evidence on prices that poor people face in different countries and at different times, the claim that PPPs avoid these problems would appear to be irresponsible.

The author, though, goes beyond this and makes a claim about costs, not just prices. PPPs tell us nothing about need, which is a key part of the notion of consumption poverty.

...is the World Bank's internationally agreed measure of 'extreme poverty'. The World Bank measure uses Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) US dollars to set the household income level below which people can be defined as living in extreme poverty. PPPs define the value of a dollar in relation to the cost of a set basket of goods and services and avoid problems of comparison between incomes in different currencies caused by exchange rate fluctuation and the differing costs of goods and services in different countries. Established in 1990 at an income of US\$1 PPP per...



White Revolution of India Amrita PATEL

Berkshire Encyclopedia of Sustainability

Reference type: Subject Reference Subject: Science and technology, Social sciences Current Version: 2016 Length: 1,390 words

Reference library

...cooperative structure. World Animal Review , 79 (2), 16–22. World Bank. (1997a). Implementation completion report: India Second National Dairy Project (Cr 1859-IN/Ln. 2893-IN, Report No. 16218, Agriculture and Water Operations Divisions, Country Department II, South Asia Region). Washington, DC: The World Bank. World Bank. (1997b). The impact of dairying development in India: The Bank's contribution (Report No. 16848-IN, Operation Evaluation Department). Washington, DC: World Bank. ...



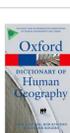
African Development Bank

The Oxford Companion to Politics of the World (2 ed.)

Reference type: Subject Reference Subject: Social sciences, Politics Current Version: 2004 Length: 536 words

Reference library

...With the African economic crisis at its peak in the mid-1980s, the Bank Group has added a new and quick disbursing instrument to the investment project financing device. Hence, as of 1986 it has allocated twenty-five percent of its annual lending to finance, with the World Bank, policy-based operations in the framework of structural adjustment programs. This has resulted in a significant increase in the annual volume of loans as well as disbursements. For instance, loans worth about US\$6.0 billion were approved during the period 1986–1988, compared...



poverty A Dictionary of Human Geography

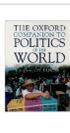
Reference type: Subject Reference Current Version: 2013

If this book were right that the World Bank looked at 'adequate consumption' then obviously the amount would be different in different places and at different times.

The 'basics' error is the same as that by BBC More or Less in 2012 which was followed by the editor amending a BBC story - though inadequately.

...adequate amount of food (sometimes adjusted for urban and rural locations), or the amount needed to also acquire clothing, shelter, health, and education ('consumption'). A common measure calculated by the World Bank is the daily income needed for adequate consumption which was estimated at US\$1 a day in 1985 and now stands at US\$1.25 (recalibrated for inflation). This is taken as the poverty line. In international comparisons this value is adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) to allow for the different cost of basics in different countries....

This is a load of rubbish. It is well known that there are no large-scale estimates of prices of basics.



Bangladesh

The Oxford Companion to Politics of the World (2 ed.)

Reference type: Subject Reference Subject: Social sciences, Politics Current Version: 2004 Length: 1,443 words

Reference library

.... One of the world's poorest nations, Bangladesh is also one of the most populous and most densely populated. In the mid-1990s, its per capita income of less than US\$250 placed it among the bottom fifteen nations ranked by the World Bank, while its 120 million people occupied an area roughly equal to that of the American state of Iowa (which has only 3 million inhabitants). And although it is rapidly urbanizing, the country is still overwhelmingly rural, with less than twenty percent of its population in urban areas. Correspondingly, about two-thirds...



Development Indicators Stephen MORSE

Berkshire Encyclopedia of Sustainability

Reference type: Subject Reference Subject: Science and technology, Social sciences Current Version: 2016 Length: 4,123 words

Reference library

...and Development (now called the World Bank) and International Monetary Fund (IMF) publish many indicators of economic development. Take, for example, the first World Development Report, published by the World Bank in 1978. At the end of the report, a series of eighteen tables rank nation-states in terms of their per capita income. Four of the tables focus on supply and demand, and seven present the "growth, structure and directions of trade, the balance of payments, capital flows, debt and aid" (World Bank 1978, 73). Twelve of the eighteen...



Singapore (2010) Victor R. SAVAGE

Berkshire Encyclopedia of Sustainability

Reference type: Subject Reference Subject: Science and technology, Social sciences Current Version: 2016 Length: 1,596 words

Reference library

...party, the People's Action Party (PAP), since 1959 . The city-state is built around fifteen "towns," each with their respective town councils. Singapore had a per capita gross national product (GNP) of \$859,813 in 2010 (\$81.25 = US\$1), and the median income per month was \$82,400. In 2008 , the World Bank and International Monetary Fund (IMF) placed Singapore as the fourth-highest per capita (PPP) earning country globally. In 2011 Singapore ranked third in the global competitiveness rankings. Despite its modern foundations, Singapore has...



poverty and health

The Oxford Companion to Medicine (3 ed.)

Reference type: Subject Reference Subject: Medicine and health Current Version: 2006 Length: 2,514 words

Reference library

...of some of the poorest countries. In the early 1980s structural readjustment programs were proposed by the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund to overcome the severe economic and financial crisis affecting many developing countries. In these countries there was frequently a dramatic impact of reduced public spending on health. The excesses of early structural readjustment programs have been acknowledged, particularly by the World Bank; and its recent president, James Wolfensohn, has stated that the bank's prime objective is now to reduce...



HIV/AIDS, Economics of

The New Oxford Companion to Economics in India (3 ed.)

Reference type: Subject Reference Subject: Social sciences, Economics, Regional and Area Studies Current Version: 2012 Length: 3,149 words

Reference library

...An Economic Development Risk , Washington DC, World Bank , pp. 123–54. Godbole, S. and S. Mehendale . 2005. ' HIV/AIDS Epidemic in India: Risk Factors, Risk Behaviour & Strategies for Prevention & Control ' , Indian Journal of Medical Research 121(4): 356–68. Gupta, Indrani , Mayur Trivedi , and Subodh Kandamuthan . 2009. ' Recurrent Costs of India's Free ART Program ' , in Markus Haacker and Mariam Claeson (eds), HIV and AIDS in India: An Economic Development Risk, Washington DC, World Bank , pp. 191–237. Gupta, K. and S.K. Singh . 2002....



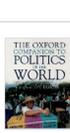
Non-Governmental Organizations

The Oxford Companion to Politics of the World (2 ed.)

Reference type: Subject Reference Subject: Social sciences, Politics Current Version: 2004 Length: 2,567 words

Reference library

...while the Jubilee 2000 Campaign changed thinking and policy on poor countries' debt. At the same time, an increasingly influential international NGO campaign demanded more just economic policies from the World Bank Organization , the International Monetary Fund , and the World Bank . These recent NGO victories have often been due to effective use of the Internet, enabling rapid mobilization of global constituencies. NGOs operate with many different methods and goals. Some act alone while others work in coalitions. Some organize noisy protests and...



Dhaka, Bangladesh (2008) Md. Sarfaraz Gani ADNAN and Carolyn ROBERTS

Berkshire Encyclopedia of Sustainability

Reference type: Subject Reference Subject: Science and technology, Social sciences Current Version: 2016 Length: 1,933 words

Reference library

... Further Reading Alam, Mozaharul , & Huq, Saleemul . (2003). Flood management and vulnerability of Dhaka City. In Aleira Kreimer , Margaret Arnold & Anne Carlin (Eds.), Building safer cities: The future of disaster risk (pp. 121–135). Washington, DC: World Bank. Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics. (2008). Statistical pocket book. Retrieved April 5, 2012, from http://www.bbs.gov.bd/PageWebMenuContent.aspx?MenuKey=117 Bangladeshia: National Encyclopedia of Bangladesh. (2006). Dhaka division. Retrieved April 5, 2012, from http://www.bangladeshia...



Conflict Minerals (Natural Resources and Sustainability) Raimund BLEISCHWITZ and Lena GUESNET

Berkshire Encyclopedia of Sustainability

Reference type: Subject Reference Subject: Science and technology, Social sciences Current Version: 2016 Length: 4,756 words

Reference library

... Further Reading Auty, Richard M. (1993). Sustaining development in mineral economies: The resource curse thesis . London: Routledge. Bannon, Ian , & Collier, Paul . (Eds.). (2003). Natural resources and violent conflict: Options and actions. Washington, DC: World Bank. Bleischwitz, Raimund. (2009). Ein internationales Abkommen als Kernelement eines globalen Ressourcenmanagements: Ein Vorschlag an die Politik [An international agreement as pillar for sustainable resource management: A proposal]. In Raimund Bleischwitz & Florian Pfeil (Eds...



Conflict Minerals (Afro-Eurasia: Assessing Sustainability) Raimund BLEISCHWITZ and Lena GUESNET

Berkshire Encyclopedia of Sustainability

Reference type: Subject Reference Subject: Science and technology, Social sciences Current Version: 2016 Length: 4,762 words

Reference library

... Further Reading Auty, Richard M. (1993). Sustaining development in mineral economies: The resource curse thesis . London: Routledge. Bannon, Ian , & Collier, Paul . (Eds.). (2003). Natural resources and violent conflict: Options and actions. Washington, DC: World Bank. Bleischwitz, Raimund. (2009). Ein internationales Abkommen als Kernelement eines globalen Ressourcenmanagements: Ein Vorschlag an die Politik [An international agreement as pillar for sustainable resource management: A proposal]. In Raimund Bleischwitz & Florian Pfeil (Eds...



foundations

The Oxford Companion to Medicine (3 ed.)

Reference type: Subject Reference Subject: Medicine and health Current Version: 2006 Length: 3,535 words

Reference library

...resource for conferences and residencies awarded competitively to scholars, artists, composers, scientists, and others, including many physicians. Bellagio conferences bearing on medical matters include those credited with launching the Green Revolution, population control, the World Bank's interest in health and nutrition, and the global International Clinical Epidemiology Network. Others have addressed specific diseases or aspects of healthcare, especially problems in developing countries. The Commonwealth Fund, established in New York in 1918 , with a...



Low-carbon Growth and Development

The New Oxford Companion to Economics in India (3 ed.)

Reference type: Subject Reference Subject: Social sciences, Economics, Regional and Area Studies Current Version: 2012 Length: 5,140 words Illustration(s): 1

Reference library

...greater inclusion, and equality much more difficult to achieve. Poverty remains widespread with around three-quarters of the total population (around 850 million people) living on less than \$2 a day (2005), compared to 85 per cent (around 650 million people) in 1983 (World Bank 2011). 4 The lives of many of these poor people are closely linked to climate-sensitive sectors or problems such as agriculture, drought and water availability, and threats from floods and storms. There is already evidence of impacts from more intense heatwaves, cyclones,...



Sanitation Sara G. BEAVIS

Berkshire Encyclopedia of Sustainability

Reference type: Subject Reference Subject: Science and technology, Social sciences Current Version: 2016 Length: 3,062 words

Reference library

...alternatives. In Joachim von Amsberg , Carl R. Barton , Gunnar S. Eskeland & John A. Dixon (Eds.), Chile: Managing environmental problems: Economic analysis of selected issues (pp. 39–90). (Latin American and Caribbean Region Report No. 13061-CH). Washington, DC: The World Bank. Chile Ministry of Health. (2010). Incidencia de fiebre tifoides y fiebre paratifoidea Chile, 1950–2006 [173.247.51.28/deis/vitales/Notificables/Tifoidea/Tifoidea.htm Crosier, Scott. (2011)...



Bahrain

The Continuum Complete International Encyclopedia of Sexuality

Reference type: Subject Reference Subject: Social sciences, Society and culture Current Version: 2010 Length: 35,139 words Illustration(s): 1

Reference library

...to promote full employment for qualified male adults in companies such as BAPCO, the Defense Force, and other government ministries, and companies. However, now this is not economically feasible, so there is much competition for government and nongovernment jobs. Also the World Bank and other financial organizations are stressing the need for less government control and more free-market economic activity in the country. As a result, unemployment is becoming a national concern. How this will affect women's work opportunities is not known. All workers are...



The Right to Health Audrey R. Chapman

The International Studies Encyclopedia

Reference type: Subject Reference Subject: Social sciences, Politics, Warfare and Defence Current Version: 2017 Length: 10,366 words

Reference library

...from the early 1980s until the late 1990s, the International Monetary Fund and World Bank imposed austerity policies on borrowers, ostensibly to end their fiscal imbalances. More recently, the World Bank has moved from structural adjustment to a nominal focus on poverty reduction, but there is often little practical change regarding the constraints imposed on poor countries. Rigid ceilings on public health and other social services expenditures imposed by the World Bank's Medium Term Expenditure Frameworks continue to restrict adequate funding for the...



Food Insecurity Christopher B. Barrett and Erin C. Lentz

The International Studies Encyclopedia

Reference type: Subject Reference Current Version: 2017

Reference library

...Insecurity Today FAO (2008) estimates that 923 million people were seriously undernourished in 2007. This oft-criticized document provides only a snapshot of those suffering from insufficient micronutrient intake at any given moment. Meanwhile, the World Bank estimates that 1.4 billion people lived on US\$1/day or less in 2005 (Chen and Ravallion 2008). The relative proximity of those two estimates drives home the inextricable relation between extreme poverty and severe undernourishment. Indeed, the two are directly coupled in the first Millennium...

Contracted by the next sentence. They say they have estimated undernourishment when they have not, in the ordinary sense of the word.

No, because the MDG mentioned in the next sentence has reportedly fast progress on 'extreme poverty' and slower progress on calories. Also, again, the term 'undernourishment' is not appropriate for calorie lack, and is not 'macronutrient' lack as the book claims.